

# The Quincy Union.

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BY  
W. W. KELLOGG.

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Round Valley, May 11th, 1865. n24-4f

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A GOOD SUPPLY OF ALL KINDS OF MEATS,  
of the best quality, constantly on hand.  
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JOHN WALKER.  
n24-4f

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No. 171 1/2 Washington st.,  
(Nearly opposite Maguire's Opera House, up stairs.)  
San Francisco, California.

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also attend to forwarding advertisements to papers  
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ington Territory, the Sandwich Islands, or the At-  
lantic States.

# Quincy Union.

"LIBERTY AND UNION—NOW AND FOREVER—ONE AND INSEPARABLE."—Webster.

VOL. 3.

QUINCY, PLUMAS COUNTY, CALIFORNIA, SATURDAY, MAY 13, 1865.

NO. 29.

## Advertisements.

### ONE PRICE STORE!!

CHAS. T. KAULBACK,

[Opposite Court House, Quincy, Plumas Co.]

—DEALER IN—

General Merchandise,  
Dry Goods, Clothing,  
Fancy Goods, Carpetings,  
Furnishing Goods,  
Yankee Notions,

Boots & Shoes, Hats,  
Crockery Ware, Glass Ware,  
Groceries, Provisions,

Tobacco, Cigars,  
Hardware, Willow Ware,  
Liquors, Wines,

Paints, Oils,  
&c., &c., &c.

The public are respectfully invited to call and examine  
his stock before purchasing elsewhere, as he is confident he  
can give perfect satisfaction. 47-4f

### MILLER & KINGSLEY.

Susanville,  
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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

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Cigars, Tobacco,

Saddlery, Hardware,

A large supply of  
Carpenter's Tools, Glass,

Earthenware, Oils,

Paints, &c., &c., &c.

and adapted to the wants of all, and at the very  
lowest cash prices.

### HATS & CAPS.

Boots & Shoes,

DRY GOODS,

LADIES' FANCY DRESS GOODS, &c., &c.,  
Together with a complete assortment of every-  
thing in our line. Call and examine.  
v2-244f

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Main Street, Quincy.

AND  
Indian Valley, near Taylor's Mill.

They invite attention to their  
FALL AND WINTER STOCK  
—OF—  
**GENERAL MERCHANDISE,**

Consisting of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

CLOTHING, DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,

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CROCKERY, DRUGS,

MEDICINES, CAMPHENE,

PAINTS, OILS, &c.,

Which they offer to the public at the lowest rea-  
sonable rates. Quincy, Oct. 21, 1862. 1-4f

### MYERS & RITCHIE,

Nelson Point.

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE  
assortment of Merchandise, Provisions, &c.,  
and all articles usually kept in a Mountain store,  
such as

Dry Goods, Groceries,

Provisions, Boots and Shoes,

Hats & Caps, Clothing,

Hardware, Glassware,

Crockery, Paints,

Lamp Oil, Camphene,

Liquors, Wines, &c., &c.

Their stock has been selected with great care,  
and they are determined to sell at prices such as  
will satisfy their old and new friends.  
Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.  
MYERS & RITCHIE.

### CUNNINGHAM & HOLTHOUSE,

—DEALERS IN—

General Merchandise.

[Corner of Main and Nelson Streets.]

Taylorville, Plumas Co., Cal.

WE HAVE A LARGE STOCK OF FALL  
and Winter Goods, embracing the latest  
Styles & Patterns,  
to which we invite the attention of the Public in  
general. v2-8-4f

**THOMAS HUGHES,**

Dealer in all kinds of

**GENERAL MERCHANDISE,**

**SODA BAR,**

EAST BRANCH OF FEATHER RIVER.

THE HOTEL attached to the Store, will be kept  
open for the accommodation of the public. 23-4f

## BENEATH THE SNOW.

IN MEMORY OF SAMUEL WALDEN COOKE.

HARK! 'tis the knell—  
Of the funeral bell—  
Sorrowful death notes rise and swell!  
Mournfully tolling,  
Echoing rolling—  
Sad is the dirge of that funeral bell!

Sounding wide,  
O'er the murmuring tide  
Of busy life as it ebbs and flows,  
Mourning, groaning,  
Grief intoning—  
Louder and deeper and sadder it grows.

Strange shadows fell  
Like a murky pall,  
Enveloping all with a mantle of woe.  
As with muffled tread  
We follow the dead  
To his quiet bed beneath the snow.

Toll softly, bell,  
With gentle swell,  
Thy sweetest, saddest requiem singing,  
Love's purest tear  
Bedews that bier—  
The living heart to the dead is clinging.

Behold! he lies  
With speechless eyes  
(Those eyes so eloquent of yore),  
Smiling—seeming  
As if dreaming—  
Dreaming of that peaceful shore.

'Tis over now;  
And calm each brow,  
As sorrow breathes a silent prayer.  
Faith wipes away  
Grief's diamond spray,  
And leaves sweet consolation there.

He slept—he woke—  
Heaven's morning broke  
Upon his vision soft and clear.  
He woke—he rose—  
From earth's repose—  
Translated to a better sphere.

No common mind  
Was there enshrined:  
But genius, lofty and serene,  
Shone purely bright  
With steady light,  
And cast o'er life her golden sheen.

Alas! no more  
Small college door  
Re-echo with that welcome tread.  
Columbia sighs  
With mournful eyes—  
Her poet-laureate is dead!

Still in my soul  
Sad echoes roll,  
Like a bell's faint toll, heard long ago;  
While Memory keeps  
In holy deeps,  
That friend who sleeps beneath the snow.

February, 1865. D. B. C.

## MUSIC. No. 9.

BY J. W. SNYDER.

Since a practical knowledge of the science  
of music is considered such a fine  
accomplishment to the human character,  
and since a thorough knowledge of it  
brings with it so many advantages, both  
moral, mental and physical, we would  
most earnestly recommend and urge ev-  
ery one to undertake a thorough practi-  
cal course of elemental instruction. To  
accomplish this, it is positively necessary  
that the student should use every  
possible and efficient means within reach  
to ever become proficient in the science  
of singing musically.

There are three departments in music,  
viz: Speculative, Theoretical, and Prac-  
tical.

Speculative music has reference to the  
philosophy and temperament of the mu-  
sical scale, or the science of acoustics.  
This department may be dispensed with,  
from the fact that no smaller than a  
chromatic interval is ever employed in  
practical music.

Theoretical music has reference to the  
philosophical principles upon which it is  
founded, and the laws and rules which  
govern the harmonious arrangement of  
musical sounds, as an art and science.  
This department is subdivided into four  
different heads, called Melody, Rhythm,  
Dynamics, and Harmony. Melody has  
reference to the gravity or acuteness of a  
sound, and the leading part of a tune—the  
Air, or Soprano.

Rhythm has reference to the move-  
ment of a piece of music, in time or  
measure, as slow or fast.

Dynamics has reference to the power  
and force of musical sounds, as loud or  
soft.

And Harmony has reference to a com-  
bination of musical sounds, of different  
degrees of acuteness, or different parts,  
called Bass, Soprano, Alto, and Tenor,  
which, when all executed together, form  
sweet consonance. All these depart-  
ments must be carefully and thoroughly  
mastered, before the student can have  
acquired a good practical and theoretical  
knowledge of music.

Practical music has reference to the

proper performance of musical sounds,  
with either human voices, or musical in-  
struments, according to the established  
rules and principles of the science.

In learning the art of singing, there  
are three different things to be taken in-  
to consideration, viz:—Voice, Execu-  
tion, and Sentiment.

The human voice may be considered  
as a natural gift of God to the human  
race, and requires great care in its cul-  
tivation and training, in order to beauti-  
fy, and fully develop its wonderful mu-  
sical power. The best and most suc-  
cessful mode of training the voice prop-  
erly, is to sing the scale up and down,  
to the full extent, three times a day, oc-  
cupying from fifteen to twenty minutes  
each time, and exhaust a full breath on  
each note, with a swelling sound, com-  
mencing it firmly, but very soft, and  
gradually increased to very loud, (but  
not overstraining the voice), and then  
gradually decreased to very soft, appro-  
priating from ten to twenty seconds to  
each note of the scale, to the extent of  
the full compass of the voice.

Execution is not a gift of nature—  
therefore it must be acquired by obser-  
vation, imitation, and severe practical  
exercises. Good execution in music, is  
the same as good elocution in oratory.

It is the true and distinct utterance of  
every word and sentiment contained in  
the music to be sung.

Sentiment, in music, is a natural gift,  
or innate faculty, which can be matured  
and perfected by those who possess it;  
but can never be instilled where it is not  
a natural gift. Musical sentiment may  
be divided into three heads, viz: Expres-  
sion, Accent, and Taste.

Expression, in music, is that faculty  
which enables an eloquent and scientific  
singer to transmit and produce the same  
feeling and emotions, upon the audience,  
(before which he sings), which he feels  
himself. These feelings and emotions can  
be realized and enjoyed, but it is be-  
yond the power of language to describe  
them. Expression is divided into four  
different heads: First—Phrasing, which  
consists in a regular division of each  
melodic member of a musical phrase, in  
such a way as not to confound them to-  
gether, so as to destroy its meaning and  
sense. Phrasing, in music, is the same  
as in reading: not to observe the pun-  
ctuation marks which divide the different  
members of a sentence, is to destroy the  
sense of what is expressed. Phrasing  
is governed by four rules: 1st, All  
notes of long duration should be a cre-  
scendo, or diminuendo, or both combined.

2d, All ascending phrases should pass  
from soft to loud, and vice versa, in de-  
scending. 3d, All small notes (called  
appoggiaturas), placed on an accented  
part of a measure, before a large note,  
should be accented. 4th, All syncope-  
d notes are accented.

Second—The second head in Expres-  
sion is the art of swelling sounds, which  
is the crescendo and diminuendo com-  
bined.

Third—Is legato, or the art of gliding  
smoothly from one sound to another.

Fourth—Is the art of giving light, and  
shade, and grace, which are employed  
to adorn and beautify music.

Accent, in music, requires that certain  
notes in the measure should be sounded  
with a heavier stress of the voice, or in-  
strument, so as to give it a more em-  
phatic utterance.

Taste, in music, consists in a perfect  
knowledge, by the musician, how to iden-  
tify every thought and feeling contained  
in the music and subject he sings, so  
that there is a perfect sameness, a per-  
fect union of ideas and individuality  
between the author of the music, and  
poetry, and himself. Such a taste is  
perfect and truthful, and can only be  
made so by close, diligent study and ob-  
servation.

A SAFE RULE.—A minister, preaching  
on the subject of misrepresentations and  
slander, said: "When professors of re-  
ligion so far degrade themselves and  
their profession as to attempt to injure  
others by lying and misrepresentations,  
they should remember that when the  
devil was disputing with the archangel  
about the body of Moses, the Lord  
would not permit the archangel to bring  
a railing accusation against the devil;  
and until they can prove that the in-  
dividual they wish to injure is worse than  
the devil, and they themselves are bet-  
ter than the archangel, the Bible re-  
quires them to hold their tongue and  
mind their business."

FRED Douglass thinks of establishing  
a paper in Baltimore.

## WHAT IS A VOTER.

If we are to have a pure democracy,  
there should be no separate class of vo-  
ters at all. There should be no distinc-  
tions between a voter and a human be-  
ing. Every individual should vote.

Neither age, sex, color nor capacity  
should be regarded. Not only the wo-  
man should have their suffrage, but the  
boys and girls, the children in the pri-  
mary schools. Nobody might assume to  
draw any lines at all; for that would  
be to make invidious and oppressive  
distinctions. Nothing might be done  
but to let all that is human direct in  
government if it pleases to. It is diffi-  
cult to tell how the infant of two months  
age, that may like to play with a piece  
of paper, is to be excluded, or the idiot;  
for who is to judge of fancies or of fit-  
ness? Indeed, we do not very well see  
how, under such an ideal democracy,  
there should be any voting at all, or any  
delegations of power to any one to de-  
termine or to do anything. All ques-  
tions, small and great, should be voted  
on by all the people, big and little. All  
public work too, so it would seem,  
should be done by everybody in general,  
but by no means by any one in particu-  
lar. All the complex organizations of  
society would disappear. Bones, hands,  
nose and eyes would be mixed up to-  
gether. Even the long preserved heart  
of the old public functionary would melt  
and vanish away. The whole body pol-  
itic would run down into a jelly or a  
polyp;—all stomach, all heart, all eyes.

This, we take it, is radical equality,  
and simplicity, and beauty. Into this  
condition we are to be ultimately re-  
formed. The definitions of a state and  
a polydion will thus become identical:  
"A kind of monster in which often hun-  
dreds of individuals consociate and are  
organically connected together, so as to  
make one living mass a commonwealth,  
that has all things in common." We  
have no notion that our new anti-slav-  
ery society will rest short of this, though  
slavery itself has gone into a decline.  
In fact, we do not know why it should  
stop there. Are not the animals some-  
body? Have not they instincts, knowl-  
edges, affinities? Are they not equal to  
us on long hair, and ahead on marriage?  
Should they not speak in meeting? To  
what end are we better than they, if we  
may not reform them with us, or ourselves  
with them? These questions can never be  
answered.

They will remain to be propounded un-  
til the time comes when the leopard may  
lie down with Burleigh, and Wendall  
may eat straw like an ox. Until then  
we shall have to content ourselves with  
the unnatural and the artificial, but,  
nevertheless, the beneficent and rational.

The truth is that a voter is, with re-  
spect to the state, an officer of society.

He has not a right to vote naturally, be-  
cause he is a man. He has it, represen-  
tatively, because he is appointed to that  
office. His constituents are the whole  
body of society; or more especially the  
members of his family, or residents of  
his neighborhood. He holds his suffrage  
as a trust in their behalf. It makes no  
difference that he has not been formally  
chosen by them to do it. It must in the  
very nature of the case, have been as it  
is. That is if a body politic is to be or-  
ganized at all. The voter stands at the  
point of transition between society as  
it exists in family and neighborhood, and  
society in the state. His office has re-  
lations both ways, and qualities of both  
sorts. He is chosen to it partly from on  
one side of the line, and partly from on  
the other; and on each side according  
to his own methods. As an officer of the  
civil order, which he helps to constitute,  
he is appointed in conformity with its  
laws; as a representative of general hu-  
manity in the state, he is designated by  
those human instincts that group us to-  
gether in families, and that set manhood  
in its maturity to the headships of its  
households. For this last relation, we  
shall assume now, what we believe to  
be true, that society as a whole is at  
present fairly represented by men 21  
years old and upwards.

It remains to be considered what rules  
should be adopted by the state in select-  
ing its voters out of this class. The prin-  
ciples to be followed are simple. A man  
must not be excluded from voting for  
his color, or size, or shape, or for any  
peculiarity that marks his natural lin-  
eage. The reason of this is that a state,  
by so doing, would narrow its natural  
basis. It would be dealing unfairly by  
the body of society beneath it. For, as  
we have seen, humanity may

# The Quincy Union.

ALL Letters relating to the business affairs of  
the paper should be addressed to the Publisher.

**TO SUBSCRIBERS.**  
No paper will be forwarded from this office unless  
the subscription is paid in advance. All papers  
discontinued when the subscription expires. The  
rule will be strictly enforced.

**CORRESPONDENCE.**  
Our friends everywhere, who may at any time  
have knowledge of facts of local importance—  
incidents, accidents, mining news, doings of public  
meetings, improvements, curiosities, etc.—would  
confer a favor upon us and our readers generally  
by sending notice of the same to this office. Give  
us facts in any shape, and we will take care of them.

justly claim to be represented in the  
state by its manhood. These merely  
natural distinctions in manhood human-  
ity deals within its own province, con-  
sidering them by its tastes and choices  
in the making up of its households and  
its social and business groups. But it  
will not let the State come down to med-  
dle with them.

For much the same reason, distinc-  
tions founded upon property are not to  
be made prominent. That would make  
the representation of society in the state  
partial and incomplete. Yet the requir-  
ing the payment of a small tax as a con-  
dition of suffrage is not objectionable:  
since every officer of the state ought to  
be willing in that way to show his in-  
terest in public affairs, and his readiness  
to help in bearing the common burdens.

The two things we want in voters are,  
good disposition and intelligence. They  
are, therefore to be chosen with refer-  
ence to these only. The good disposi-  
tion toward the commonwealth should  
be assumed in case of all except those  
who have violated its laws. Traitors  
and persons convicted of gross crimes  
should thus be excluded. We are not  
aware that the laws of this state provide  
expressly for any such exclusion. It is  
practically effected, however, with those  
who are confined in jail or prison, since  
they cannot get to the place of voting.

This matter of making suffrage depend-  
ent upon lawful behavior deserves more  
attention than it has hitherto received.  
The great rebellion will necessarily  
bring it before the nation. Let the true  
idea be distinctly laid hold of that a vo-  
ter is such as an officer of the state, and  
not by natural right merely as a man,  
and the case will be clear. A criminal  
should not be a public officer.

For determining whether a man has  
intelligence enough to be a voter, differ-  
ent tests have been proposed and em-  
ployed. Ripeness of age is one, boys  
being by this excluded. Residence for  
a time prescribed in the place at which  
the election is held is another. This rests  
upon the supposition that some time  
is required to gain a knowledge of the  
matters involved in the election, and  
upon the assumption that in time it will  
be gained. This test by residence, like  
that by age, is a rough one at the best.

To put it in the best form, one should  
not lose his vote by removal, except  
with which he was not concerned pre-  
vious to his removal. Thus a man com-  
ing into this city from New York should  
still have his vote for president, or com-  
ing from an adjoining town his vote for  
county or state officers.

But much better than anything of this  
is a rule that the voter shall have the  
ability to read and to write; or cer-  
tainly to read. It is safe to assume that  
no man can be well enough informed to  
direct in public affairs who lacks these  
rudiments of knowledge. The Republi-  
can was one of the earliest and most  
strenuous advocates for the introduction  
of this limitation. It was our remedy  
for "Know Nothingism," foreign and  
native. The rule has been established  
in this state, and in some others.

Thoughtful men are beginning now to  
inquire whether it may not offer the best  
and the only safe solution to the ques-  
tion of negro suffrage at the South. The  
only objection—and it is a serious one—  
lies in the difficulty of adjusting the mat-  
ter by national authority, without tres-  
passing too far upon the ground hitherto  
reserved to the states. The exigency  
however is an unusual one, and may call  
for unusual expedients.

As to the soundness of the principle there  
can be no question. It ought to be  
pressed into adoption everywhere. As  
American citizens we have no care for  
pedigree or complexion. But we are in-  
terested in having our fellow voters in-  
structed and intelligent. Everything  
that is practicable ought to be done, in  
constitution and statutes towards this  
end. We are not even sure that the  
requirement referred to goes far enough.

We might be willing to have our own  
state try the experiment, at least of clo-  
sing the ballot box to any man who  
should neglect the education of his chil-  
dren or wards. The state provides  
schools and is concerned for the instruc-  
tion of its youth. The person is not fit  
for a voter who, in behalf of his children  
cannot appreciate and employ these ad-  
vantages. But the test in reading and  
writing is the simplest and easiest of  
application. It ought speedily to be  
established in every state.—[Springfield  
Republican]



# The Quincy Union.

JOHN R. BUCKNER, Editor.

San Francisco Agency.

J. J. KNOWLTON & Co., L. P. FISHER, THOS.

BOYCE, and W. H. TOBEY are the only authorized agents for the Union in San Francisco.

Sacramento Agency.

E. K. PHIPPS is our duly authorized agent at Sacramento.

QUINCY.

SATURDAY, MAY 13, 1865.

## MURDER, THE SHIBBOLETH OF TREASON.

If it be true that the assassination of the late President Lincoln, was the result of a plan concocted by the leaders of the late treasonable conspiracy against the government, and that they were cognizant of, and assented to it, it must prove the last feather to break the back of that prejudice which has heretofore seen no good in the action of the U. S. Government, but has looked upon the leaders of the rebellion as the very pinks of chivalry and honor. That it is true, but few are willing to admit; yet when men have proven themselves guilty of theft, of arson, and of treason, it does not require a very great stretch of imagination to suppose they would hesitate at murder to accomplish their purpose.

President Johnson occupying the position he does, would not be very apt to charge this grave offense home to Davis, Clay, Sanders &c., without he had pretty positive proof that they were guilty. Of course the details of the conspiracy are not yet made public, but it is reasonable to suppose that the reward of \$100,000, for the capture of Jeff Davis, as a party accessory before the fact to Lincoln's murder, was not made for any other effect than to procure the capture and conviction of this arch instigator of the mad schemes which have for four years past made our country a very Golgotha, and whose last act of cursing infamy was to conspire to the death, by violence of the great head of the Republic.

As against the men we have only this to say: that their ambition caused them to stoop to no crime which stood in their way, to stoop to any act, however criminal it might be, which would help them in their accursed action; and it may be that their last villainous act was necessary to strip from the eyes of many honest men, the feelings of respect with which they viewed the actions and the actors of what they termed the Southern Confederacy—born in crime, begotten of political incest, with not one redeeming quality to command respect, with a record black with barbaric actions, it would still have commanded the secret affection of many men who would not stop to distinguish the difference between right or wrong. Yet the fixing of this damnable crime upon those who have stood up in the high places of the rebellion, and hypocritically calling upon the great Creator as to the rectitude of their intentions, will, we think, tear from the eyes of the whole people, the cobwebs which early education or false political teachings may have fastened there.

There is another fact which, taken in connection with this plot, shows that bad faith was the lever upon which they relied. One Ben. C. Harris, member of Congress of the United States, after Lee had surrendered, persuaded a number of his soldiers who had been paroled to violate that parole, and to go back and join the rebels who were still at war against the government, under Johnston, —aye, and even gave them money to pay their way back. If this man is guilty, his punishment will be death. Yet this very man's action in the Chicago Convention, we have heard extolled as right, and that time would show it. Time has proven what Union men have always believed, that he was a traitor, and that he, like many others, only lacked the opportunity to show themselves such. This man Harris was, as is termed in these latter days, a stern "Uncompromising Constitutional Democrat," has always voted with them, been elected by them to Congress, has taken the oath to support the Constitution of the United States, and like other Constitutional Democrats we wot of whose names have become infamous, perjured his soul by a false oath, and who now, yes, even now, will find endorsers in the ranks of Constitutional Democracy. Shame on the wretches who cannot see, even in treason, and perjury, and murder, anything but good, and look upon such contemptible crimes as the acme of chivalrous and honorable conduct. But thank God, truth will prevail, and we shall yet live to see the day, when those who now uphold and support the cause of the assassins and perjurers, will be loudest in their denunciations of the men, and the cause.

The advancing light of civilization sheds upon our path its beams. Our flag is unfurled. On its folds is displayed the words "Liberty and Union." Our country shall no longer be a living lie against itself, but, going down to the corner stone of justice, we shall rebuild and reform our edifice until its walls shall glisten in the future as a safe ba-

ren for the oppressed of every clime, and the rebellion and its horrible adjuncts are only so many steps on that good path. A terrible trial, truly, but out of the "nettle of danger, we pluck the flower of safety."

**THE SINGER MANUFACTURING COMPANY.**—We clip the following notice of one of the leading commercial features of the grand inauguration procession in New York, March 6th, from Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper of March 25th:—  
**THE SINGER MANUFACTURING Co.**—This company made a display in the procession—which we illustrate elsewhere—commensurate with the magnitude of its enormous business. They turned out one six-horse team, decorated with red, white and blue plumes; drawing a truck, upon which was erected a pavilion, covered and draped with the national colors, and in which eight young ladies were engaged in operating the Singer Sewing Machines, in the manufacture of army clothing. On either side of the pavilion was inscribed the following unique and telling motto:—"We clothe the Union armies, while Grant is 'dressing' the rebels."

Following this was a four-horse team gaily dressed, and two tandem teams, drawing the wagons of the company, loaded with Sewing Machines, directed to some of the principal branch houses located in the several quarters of the globe, the whole preceded by a full band and escorted by 1,000 men, employees of the company. The men marched in platoons, with guidons, indicating the respective branches of the business to which they belonged. Altogether this was doubtless one of the most attractive, made by any one establishment in the city, and we doubt if it could be exceeded by any in the world. It is in keeping, however, with the well-known patriotism of the Singer Manufacturing Company.

### A NICE INSTITUTION, "BE BAD."

The U. S. Mail arrived in this place yesterday. It brought through a few packages of letters, and but one paper, and that was for the Taylorville P. O. We did not receive a single one of our exchanges. Oh, it is a sweet institution as it is at present conducted. We would like to know who has the right to sort the mail matter, and forward the letters, and keep back the papers, and we hereby call the attention of the Postal Agent, Mr. Gaskill, to this mail route. It needs overhauling. There were a quantity of pub. doc's, (which, no doubt, have been lying at the Buckeye for weeks) brought through. It is a g-r-e-a-t institution,—so it is.

**THE ASSASSINATION OF LINCOLN FIXED ON THE REBEL CHIEFS.**—New York, May 6th.—The Tribune's special says all attempts to disparage the testimony in possession of the Government, implicating leading spirits of the rebellion in the assassination plot will prove futile. When Stanton, several days since, announced that the plot had been discovered stretching from Richmond to Canada, he spoke from the record. Judge Holt has since reached a great mass of evidence and knows it to be of crushing weight.

**BIG SAFE.**—The Troy Whig of March 25th says that "Lewis Lillie has received an order for a bank vault in San Francisco, California of the largest dimensions, designed as a depository for \$11,000,000 in gold. Lillie's safes and locks are already in extensive use in California." This safe is for the new building of the bank of California, corner of Sansome and California streets.

**POPULARITY OF THE 7-30 LOAN.**—Philadelphia, May 7th.—The subscription to the 7-30 loan in the last six days amounts to the enormous sum of forty millions three hundred and eighty-seven thousand dollars.

**TORONTO, May 4th.**—Beverly Tucker and W. C. Cleary, for whom rewards are offered by President Johnson, have published letters denying in positive terms any knowledge whatever of the conspiracy for capturing or assassinating the late President Lincoln.

**BLOWING OUT KEROSENE LAMPS.**—The danger of blowing out kerosene or carbon oil lamps from the top is greater than people generally suppose. There are several instances on record, it is said, where lives have been lost by the explosion of lamps from this practice. The following explanation of the causes that produce the explosion are worth considering and heeding:

First—The oil in the lamp is generally low, leaving more room for gas.  
Second—The gas is very inflammable, and will always explode when ignited.  
Third—In blowing the flame down, it ignites the gas.  
The inference is, a lamp should never be blown out from the top. The wick may not perfectly fit the tube, and the flame may go down, where the gas comes up.  
Fourth—The less oil in the lamps the greater danger.

The Nevada Transcript says a gentleman of Teutonic origin, reading the other day one of the huge posters announcing the coming of the panorama of "Paradise Lost," came to the line, "A Rebellion in Heaven," when he broke forth as follows:—"Von rebellion in heafn—moon Cot I that last's not long. Onkel Abish shall glisten in the future as a safe ba-

## DISTRICT COURT—MAY TERM, 1865.

Hon. Warren T. Sexton, District Judge.

FIRST DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

T. A. Turner vs. Buckbee & Whitesides.

Fis. Bradley, et al. vs. Goodwin & Haymond.

Continued for the term.

R. C. Chambers vs. Goodwin & Haymond.

W. Jacks vs. Buckbee & Hogen.

Set for trial on Monday next, 15th inst.

Hough & Bro. vs. Goodwin & Haymond.

Whitmore vs. Hogen.

Default.

Herbert vs. Gifford.

Alexander vs. Hogen.

Default.

H. Bette vs. Gifford.

D. B. Gray, et al. vs. Goodwin & Haymond.

Demurrer over-ruled, and Default entered.

E. H. Pierce vs. Goodwin & Haymond.

Plumas County vs. Buckbee.

Demurrer confessed, and amended complaint filed. Defendant allowed three days in which to file answer.

Wm. Humphrey vs. Buckbee.

J. Hardgrave vs. Goodwin & Haymond.

Set for trial on Monday next, 15th inst.

O'Toole vs. Hogen.

Alex. Tate, et al. vs. Goodwin & Haymond.

Demurrer over-ruled. Defendant allowed two days in which to file answer.

F. Tate vs. Goodwin & Haymond.

T. M. Elliott vs. Buckbee.

Demurrer over-ruled. Defendant allowed two days in which to file answer.

Gepheart, et al. vs. Goodwin & Haymond.

Boylan, et al. vs. Buckbee.

Demurrer withdrawn. Defendants have three days in which to file answer.

Jurgen Tams and Jurgen Hennigren admitted to citizenship.

The New York Times talked to President Lincoln like a father because of his visit to Richmond. It says the President's life may be of little consequence to him; but it is very valuable to the country, and should not be rashly risked.

The Albany Evening Journal makes the amende honorable as follows: We condensed a paragraph a week or two since from a statement in a New York paper that Charles Knap, a heavy cannon contractor, had recently given a party in Washington at a cost of \$100,000. It appears that this was a ridiculous exaggeration. The party was a very elegant one, but its cost did not exceed \$5,000. Mr. Knap, it seems, has been a heavy iron founder at Pittsburgh for thirty years, and has now the largest cannon factory in the world. He is a man of large wealth, and of large liberality. For nearly two years he gave \$250 a week to the Washington hospitals. He contributed \$8,000 to the Sanitary commission; gave the Government a splendid battery of six guns, worth \$7,500, and his nephew to work the guns, which he did with great credit for two years. He contributed \$10,000 to fortify Pittsburgh; \$9,800 to commute his workmen, and is giving away to patriotic and benevolent purposes every month more than his party cost him. Such a man has a right to spend \$5,000 occasionally to entertain his friends.

The tusks of a mastodon 13 inches long and 3 1/2 inches in diameter, have been found near Clayton in Contra Costa county.

Up—Legal Tenders are quoted at 73 cts. in San Francisco.

Thanks.—To Connors and Shannon for bound vols. of the Congressional Globe.

Beriah Brown has gone to Oregon. We pity the Oregonians.

The Union majority in Connecticut, at the late election in that State, was about 10,000.

### Marriages.

At Big Meadows, April 24, 1865, by Rev. A. L. L. Bateman, Mr. George W. Watson to Miss Zeriah D. Holmes.

At Round Valley, May 1, 1865, by the same, Mr. James K. Perdim, to Miss Laura A. Vallandigham.

At Taylorville, May 7, 1865, by the same, Mr. R. B. Rennick to Miss Effie L. Boynton.

### Births.

At Quincy, May 8, 1865, the wife of E. H. Pierce, of a daughter.

In Austin, (Tex.), May 7, 1865, the wife of W. K. Logan, of a daughter.

Require, we congratulate you, "by davy!"

### Special Notices.

**Premium Quartz Mining Company.**—Indian Valley, Plumas County, Cal. NOTICE is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of said Company, held on the 19th day of April, 1865, an assessment of Two Dollars per share was levied upon the Capital Stock of said Company, payable immediately in U. S. Gold Coin to the Secretary, at his office, at Crescent Mills, Indian Valley, Plumas County, California. Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on Saturday, June 10th, 1865, will be advertised on that day as delinquent, and unless payment shall be made before, will be sold on Monday, June 20th, 1865, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

By order of the Board of Trustees.

WM. A. BOLINGER, Sec'y.

Office—Crescent Mills, Indian Valley, Plumas County, California.

Dr. J. M. Moreno, No. 619 Kearny street, corner of Commercial, is the only Physician in San Francisco who guarantees by a written agreement to effect a cure of Syphilis in six weeks. Sixteen years' practice in San Francisco, Constitution Free. Cured at home, by addressing a letter to Dr. Moreno, 128, P. O. The poor furnished with medicine gratis. Office, No. 619. See advertisement on 4th page.

## Special Notices.

**Notice of Dissolution.**

NOTICE is hereby given to all whom it may concern that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, in the business of Raunching and Milling, under the name of Christman & Stryker, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All parties having claims against said Partnership, will present them to Wm. H. Christman, who is hereby authorized to pay the same and take receipts therefor; and all persons indebted to said firm, will make payment thereof to Wm. H. Christman, who is hereby authorized to collect and receipt for the same. WITNESS our hands and seals, this 8th day of May, A. D. 1865.

WM. H. CHRISTMAN. [Seal]  
Rev. C. J. STRYKER. [Seal]

29-4w.

**STRENGTHEN THE SYSTEM.**—THE BEST MEANS OF IMPARTING VIGOR TO THE BROKEN DOWN FRAME AND CONSTITUTION, WHICH HAS YET BEEN INVENTED OR DISCOVERED, IS PROFFERED TO THE FEEBLE OF BOTH SEXES AND ALL AGES IN DR. HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. DEBILITY, FROM WHATEVER CAUSE ARISING, MAY BE CURED; STRENGTH, IN WHATEVER MANNER IT MAY HAVE BEEN WASTED, MAY BE RESTORED BY THE USE OF THIS POWERFUL AND HEALTHFUL INVIGORANT. FOR INDIGESTION AND ALL ITS PAINFUL EFFECTS, BODILY AND MENTAL, THEY ARE A POSITIVE SPECIFIC.—SOLD BY DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS EVERYWHERE.

HOSTETTER, SMITH & DEAN,

B-28-1m

**Superior Copper Mining Company, Union Mining District, Plumas Co., Cal.**—Office—Chico, Butte Co. Cal. NOTICE is hereby given that at a meeting of the Trustees of the above company, held on the 12th day of April, 1865, an assessment of one dollar per share was levied upon the Capital Stock of said Company, payable immediately to the Secretary, R. H. Allen, at the office of the company in Chico, Cal. Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the 17th day of May, 1865, will be advertised on that day as delinquent, and unless payment shall be made before, will be sold on the 6th day of June, 1865, to pay the delinquent assessment together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

25-1d

R. H. ALLEN, Sec'y.

**Butte Bar Gold & Silver Mining Company.**—Assessment No. 5. NOTICE is hereby given that at a meeting of the Trustees of the above company, held on April 19th 1865, an assessment of two dollars per share was levied on the Capital Stock of said company, payable to the Secretary at Union Valley, in United States gold and silver coin, on the 27th day of April 1865.

Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the 27th day of May, 1865, will be advertised on that day as delinquent, and unless payment shall be made before, will be sold on the third day of June to pay the delinquent assessment together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

26-1d

JOHN B. OVERTON, Sec'y.

**NOTICE.**

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Marysville, Cal., March 25th, 1865.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT THE following described Township Plots are filed in this office, viz:

On March 10th, 1865.

Township No. 29 North, Range 13 East.

Township No. 28 North, 15 East.

On March 25th, 1865.

Township No. 27 North, Range 14 East.

Township No. 28 North, Range 13 East.

Township No. 28 North, Range 14 East.

Township No. 29 North, Range 12 East.

Township No. 30 North, Range 12 East.

Township No. 29 North, Range 15 East.

All of Mount Diablo Meridian, State of California.

Settlers upon Lands in the above named Townships are hereby notified to file their claims in the Register's Office, at Marysville, within the time prescribed by law, otherwise they will lose the benefit of their claims.

A. J. SNYDER, Register.

24-1d

CHAS. G. BOCKIUS, Receiver.

**New Advertisements.**

WM. H. MILLER. W. BUNNELL.

**MILLER & BUNNELL.**

Butt Valley, Plumas Co., Cal.

**GENERAL DEALERS**

In all kinds of—

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,

LIQUORS,

SEGARS,

TOBACCO,

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Hats and Caps,

HARDWARE, YANKEE NOTIONS, &c., &c.

**MEAT MARKET.**

A good supply of Meat of all kinds can always be found at our Market near the Store.

28-1f

**GEO. W. HODGKIN'S**

**PHOTOGRAPH & AMBROTYPE**

**GALLERY.**

(North side Main street.)

Taylorville, California.

PHOTOGRAPHS, CARTE DE VISITES, AMBROTYPES, Melanotypes taken in the latest style of the art, in clear or cloudy weather.

24-1m

GEO. W. HODGKINS.

## New Advertisements.

**U. S. 7-30 LOAN.**

BY AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY OF THE Treasury, the undersigned has assumed the General Subscription Agency for the sale of United States Treasury Notes, bearing seven and three-tenths per cent. interest, per annum, known as the

**SEVEN-THIRTY LOAN.**

These Notes are issued under date June 15th, 1865, and are payable three years from that time, in currency, or are convertible, at the option of the holder, into

**U. S. 5-20 Six per cent. GOLD BEARING BONDS**

These bonds are now worth a premium of nine per cent. including gold interest from November, which makes the actual profit on the 7-30 loan at current rates, including interest, about ten per cent. per annum, besides its exemption from STATE AND MUNICIPAL TAXATION, WHICH ADDS FROM ONE TO THREE PER CENT. MORE, according to the rate levied on other property. The interest is payable in currency, semi-annually, by coupons attached to each note, which may be cut off and sold to any bank or banker.

The interest amounts to

One cent per day on a \$50 note.

Two cents " " \$100 "

Ten " " \$500 "

20 " " \$1,000 "

\$1 " " \$5,000 "

Notes of all the denominations named will be promptly furnished upon receipt of subscriptions. This is

**THE ONLY LOAN IN MARKET**

now offered by the Government, and it is confidently expected that its superior advantages will make it the

**Great Popular Loan of the People,**

Less than \$300,000,000 of the loan authorized by the last Congress, are now on the market.

This amount, at the rate at which it is being absorbed, will all be subscribed for within four months, when the notes will undoubtedly command a premium, as has uniformly been the case on closing the subscriptions to other Loans.

In order that citizens of every town and section of the country may be afforded facilities for taking the loan, the National Bank, State Banks, and Private Bankers throughout the country have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par. Subscribers will select their own agents, in whom they have confidence, and who only are to be responsible for the delivery of the notes for which they receive orders.

**JAY COOKE,**

Subscription Agent, Philadelphia.

March 25th, 1865. 28-3m

G. W. PRESCOTT. CHAS. W. SCHEIDEL.

**MARYSVILLE FOUNDRY**

—AND—

**MACHINE SHOP.**

Corner of Fourth and B streets.

**NOT A FEW**

Of the worst disorders that afflict mankind arise from the corruption that accumulates in the Blood. Of all the disorders that have been made to purge it out, none can equal in effect **HELMBOLD'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA.** It cleanses and renews the Blood, instills the vigor of health into the system, and purges out the humors which make disease. It stimulates the healthy functions of the body, and expels the disorders that grow and rankle in the Blood. Such a remedy, that could be relied on has long been sought for, and now, for the first time, the public have one on which they can depend. Our space here does not admit of certificates to show its effects, but the trial of a single bottle will show to the sick that it has virtues surpassing anything they have ever taken.

Two table-spoonsful of the Extract of Sarsaparilla, added to a pint of water, is equal to the Lisbon Diet Drink, and one bottle is equal to a gallon of the Syrup of Sarsaparilla, or the decoction as usually made.

The above Extracts are prepared on purely scientific principles—in France—and embody the full strength of the ingredients entering into their composition. A ready and conclusive test will be a comparison of their properties with those set forth in the U. S. Dispensary.

**HOW TO USE THE REMEDIES.**

In Diseases of the Blood, Humors on the Face, or any and every part of the body, use Extract Sarsaparilla, applying to Pimples and all external Humors or Eruptions the Improved Rose Wash.

Use the Extract Buchu for all diseases requiring the aid of a Diuretic, except those of the Urinary Organs, such as Gonorrhea and Gleet; in these use the Extract Buchu and inject with the Improved Rose Wash.

**THESE EXTRACTS HAVE BEEN ADMITTED TO USE IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY, and also in very general use in all the STATE HOSPITALS and PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS throughout the land, as well as in private practice, and are considered as valuable remedies.**

**MEDICINE**

DELIVERED TO ANY ADDRESS.

Direct letters to

HELMBOLD'S DRUG & CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,

594.....Broadway, New York,

next Metropolitan Hotel,

OR TO

HELMBOLD'S MEDICAL DEPOT,

104.....South Tenth St.

Assembly Building, Philadelphia.

Describe Symptoms in all Communications.

**SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.**

Beware of Counterfeits!!

**Ask for Helmbold's.**

Take no Other.

HOSTETTER, SMITH & DEAN,

Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast.

416 & 418.....Front Street,

San Francisco.



# The Quincy Union.

## LOCAL ITEMS.

**EMPTY.**—The County Jail is now without an occupant.

**SALE.**—A one-fifth interest in Jackson & Co's claims, on Grizzly Creek, was sold last week for \$2,000 00, cash.

**BURNED.**—A blacksmith shop in Long Valley, owned by Jackson & Co., was burned to the ground on Wednesday last.

**NEW ROAD.**—The citizens of Mohawk and Jamison have just completed a wagon road between the two places.

**SMELTING.**—The copper smelting works in Genesee will commence smelting ore on Monday next.

**PURCHASED.**—M. B. Sturgis, Esq., recently purchased the water ditch at Sawpit Flat and Richmond Hill, formerly owned by Hon. R. A. Clark.

**ADMITTED.**—Messrs. E. H. Van Decker and D. L. Haun were, on Thursday last, admitted to practice as attorneys in the District Court.

**PREMIUM.**—See notice of an assessment of \$2 per share on the capital stock of the Premium Quartz Mining Company, published elsewhere.

**ARRIVED.**—McDougal's pack train, with a cargo of goods for Thompson & Kellogg, arrived at Spanish Ranch, one day this week, the first through train of the season.

**PERSONAL.**—Col. N. E. Whitesides, of Yuba, and Creed Haymond, of La Porte, have been in attendance upon our District Court, during the past week.

**THE "76."**—The "76" Quartz Mill in Jamison is not running at present. The company have a number of men at work in the ledge and are taking some very rich rock.

**ROADS.**—We learn that the Oroville road will be open for travel with teams in a short time. Stages run from Oroville to the Buckeye, and from Quincy to Buck's Ranch, leaving about sixteen miles to be traveled on mule-back.

**ASSESSOR.**—Our County Assessor, Mr. A. D. Halstead, is busy at work assessing the property in the county; and he informs us that the amount of taxable property will be greater than that of last year.

**MANHOLE MILLS.**—These mills, under the superintendence of J. B. McGee, Esq., are undergoing repairs, and will be in running order in a short time. Men are at work in the ledge taking out quartz.

**FALES HILL.**—Moore, Des Rouches & Co., have commenced "piping" in their claims. There is a good supply of water in the ditch, and if the water season is a good one, the "boys" will take out a "bushel" of money.

**DISCHARGED.**—In the case of the People vs Hollingsworth, on charge of injuring a fume at Mt. Pleasant, there being no evidence against the Defendant, he was discharged. The examination was held before Hon. A. P. Moore, County Judge.

**EXTENDED.**—The mail route from Oroville to this place, has been extended to Taylorville. The contract requires that the mail shall be carried over the route, from Oroville to Taylorville, once a week. Price paid for carrying the same, is \$444 00 until the 1st day of June, 1886.

**STAGE LINE.**—Mr. R. E. Garland intends running a regular line of stages from Quincy to Taylorville and Crescent Mills, during the Summer. The stage will make three trips per week. To-day, Saturday, the first trip will be made. Notice of the days on which the stage will leave, will be given in our next.

**HORSE DROWNED.**—One day this week, Mr. A. Carman attempted to cross the Middle Fork of Feather River at Mohawk Valley, with a horse and buggy. He had reached the middle of the stream, when the current proved to strong, and the buggy commenced floating down the stream, and the horse was unable to stem the current with the buggy attached to him, and was drowned. Carman jumped out of the buggy and swam ashore.

**12-MILE BAR AND VICINITY.**—A correspondent sends us the following:

Clyde and Williams are running a tunnel into the Bar. They have a good claim, and are making from five to ten dollars per day to the hand. Ward and Oserer commenced work in their "ditch" on Monday last. Brown and Kiser are hard at work in their claims, with good prospects for a big clean up. Hyde & Co. are cleaning up their cut, and will start a tunnel into their claims in a short time. On Rich Gulch, Nifer & Co. have struck a rich spot, just below the claims of Richards & Co., and are making an ounce per day to the hand. A company is being organized for the purpose of prospecting for quartz in that vicinity. Terry & Co., and Hyde & Co., are making preparations to work their river claims this Summer. The bridge across the East Branch, at 12-Mile Bar, is completed, and it is the intention of the citizens to repair the trail leading to Rich Bar, so as to be passable for animals in a short time.

**HIGHWAYMEN AROUND.**—A friend from Beckworth's Pass, sends the following account of a robbery in Sierra Valley:

On Tuesday night, May 24, four miles from Beckworth's Pass, on the road leading to Smith's Neck, Albert Adams and Wm. Oller were on a return trip from California, in company on horseback, when about half-past nine o'clock, they were overtaken by three highwaymen, who drew three double-barreled shot guns, and demanded the men to hold up their hands, after which they took away their pistols, and tied them back to back with feet and hands bound so as to prevent them from using them. The robbers then took \$1,340 00 in gold coin from their blankets, which were tied on the saddles. They then took Oller's horse, saddle and bridle; also Adams' horse, leaving the saddle and bridle. One of the horses is a bright bay, four years old; no brands. The other is a dark brown horse, with Spanish brands. The stolen saddle is a new Ranger saddle, with bear skin holsters attached. The robbers were acquainted with Mr. Adams, and said to him, "Al, I have got you, now;" and said that as "dead men tell no tales," he would cut their throats; but the other two said they never spilled blood for money, and left the men lying on the ground. After day-light, the next morning, Mr. Adams found his pocket-knife, and with his teeth, and a little use of his hand, opened the knife, and cut the ropes. No trace of the robbers has been found.

**SPANISH PEAK.**—A meeting of the stockholders in the Spanish Peak Mining Company was held a few days since. The old Board of officers were re-elected, and the company intend commencing work upon their claims by the first of next month.

**DENIED.**—The motion, in the case of Maxwell vs. Hollingsworth, to dissolve the injunction against the Defendant, was denied by the Court. The injunction restrains the Defendant from interfering with the flow of water in the Mt. Pleasant and Plumas Water Ditches.

**AT WORK.**—The owners of the Hunter's quartz ledge in Beckworth's Valley, have a number of men employed upon their ledge, and are working day and night. The ledge will be thoroughly prospected in a short time, and the probability is that a mill will be put up to crush the rock during the summer.

**IMPROVEMENTS.**—Wilkins at the Summit has recently built a large and substantial a store house as can be found in the county. A new hotel has also been built at the same place. A number of new dwelling houses have been put up in Beckworth Valley, and all the farmers are building new fences and otherwise improving their farms.

**REVENUE.**—The Tax Collector collected four hundred and sixty-six F. M. Licenses during the month of April. One hundred and sixty-nine State, and one hundred and sixty-nine Military Poll Taxes were sold during the same month.

**Tax on personal property collected, amounted to the sum of \$278 94: from sale of Business Licenses, \$193 75.**

**EXPERIMENTING.**—The farmers in Beckworth's and Sierra Valleys are trying the experiment of raising grain on their ranches; and we understand that from present indications the probability is that they will raise as good crops of oats as can be raised in any portion of the State. The grass crop will be equal to that of any previous year.

**HABEAS CORPUS.**—On Wednesday last, Rob. Williams, alias Moranda, who has been confined in the County Jail for the past two months, made an application to the District Judge, and a writ of habeas corpus was issued. The prisoner was brought before the Judge, and after hearing the evidence in the case, the Judge ordered that the prisoner be discharged from arrest. Williams was accordingly discharged.

**INCORPORATED.**—The Chapparral Hill Gold Mining Company (claim located near Richmond Hill) have incorporated and elected the following board of officers and trustees: H. C. Clark, President; Hon. R. A. Clark, Secretary; P. Rooney, Treasurer. The company have let a contract for the purpose of running a tunnel into the Hill to prospect it. It is supposed to be on the same lead which runs through Washington Hill.

**ROAD MEETING.**—A meeting of the shareholders in the Indian & American Valley Wagon Road Company was held at the Court Room on Wednesday last, and the following officers were elected: President, Jas. A. Blood; Treasurer, Wm. A. Bolinger; Secretary, S. J. Clark. Directors, Wm. A. Bolinger, S. J. Clark, Jas. A. Blood, J. E. Edwards and R. Thompson. The Board of Directors have the power to elect a Superintendent. A better Board of Directors could not have been selected, and in our opinion if the road is not completed, the fault will not be with them. Now is the time to push the work forward and to do so our citizens will have to render all the assistance in their power.

**EUREKA.**—We learn that the Eureka Company have struck their ledge in their new tunnel, at a distance of about five hundred feet below their upper level. The ledge is wider than at the top, and they are taking out some very rich rock. The officers of the company are very satisfied that the ledge is inexhaustible, and that it will pay better than ever before. Stock in the company has taken a "raise,"—in fact none of the owners are anxious to sell at any price. The lake is full of water, and the prospects are that the company will have water sufficient to run all of their mills until very late in the Fall. There are about seventy-five men at work in the ledge, and the company intends increasing the number to one hundred in a short time. The prospects of the Eureka Company were never better than at the present time.

**WASHING UP.**—Water is now plenty at Sawpit Flat. All of the Companies are busy at work washing up their pay dirt, and the indications are that a "mint" of money will be taken out during the next month in that locality. The Union claims have already taken out over \$25,000, and the probability is that they will add over \$30,000 more to the amount of gold in circulation at the present time. The Franklin Company have a large pile of pay dirt ready for washing. They have taken out over \$20,000 up to this date, and they will more than double that amount. The Monitor Company have commenced to take out pay dirt which prospects well. The Bacon Company, at Richmond Hill, have taken out over \$2,000 for three men's work for about four months. Business is lively in that section of the county, and the miners think that they have one of the richest mining sections in the State, and we incline to the same opinion.

**MAN KILLED.**—On Saturday last, a man named Wm. F. M. Kennedy, an old resident of this county, was killed in the Franklin Hill Company's claims at Sawpit Flat, under the following circumstances: Kennedy was at work with a pipe, washing down the dirt from the "dump" pile, the bank of which was not over eight or ten feet in height, and it is supposed that he had gone into the bottom of the cut for the purpose of cleaning out sluices, when a body of snow and dirt fell in on him, knocking him down, and that before he could extricate himself from under the snow, he was drowned by the water from the hydraulic, which was running all of the time. He showed some signs of life after he was found, and all means in the power of his friends was used to resuscitate him, but without success. Deceased was about twenty-five years of age. He formerly resided in Texas, where he has a brother now living.

**POLL TAX.**—Any personal property of any party liable for payment of a poll-tax may be seized and sold to pay the poll-tax upon giving one hour's notice of such auction sale. Any personal property of a party garnished for the poll-tax of another party in his employ, is liable to seizure and sale, the same as for his own liability for a like tax.

**UNTRUE.**—The report which was in circulation that Jeff Davis had been captured, proves to be a hoax.

## Legal Advertisements.

**Summons.**  
STATE OF CALIFORNIA,  
County of Plumas.

In the District Court of the Second Judicial District.  
S. Myers and D. Ritchie, doing business under the firm name and style of Myers & Ritchie, Plaintiffs, vs. D. B. Gray, Howard, Pete Smith and Charles Westcott doing business under the firm name and style of D. B. Gray & Co., Defendants.

Action brought in the District Court of the Second Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the county of Plumas, and the complaint filed in said county of Plumas, in the office of the Clerk of said District Court:

*The People of the State of California send greeting to D. B. GRAY, Defendant:*

**YOU ARE HEREBY REQUIRED TO APPEAR** in an action brought against you by the above named Plaintiffs, in the District Court of the Second Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the county of Plumas, and to answer the complaint filed therein, (a copy of which accompanies this Summons) within ten days, (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this summons; if served within this county; or, if served out of this county, but within the State of California, then within twenty days; or judgment by default, will be taken against you according to the prayer of the said complaint.

The said action is brought to recover judgment against you for the sum of \$781 25 upon a contract for goods, wares and merchandise sold and delivered to you by special instance and request, upon a book account, and for interest on said sum from April 4th, 1885, at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum.

And you are hereby notified, that if you fail to appear and answer said complaint as above required, the said Plaintiff will take default judgment by default, as prayed for in said complaint.

Given under my hand and the seal of the District Court of the Second Judicial District of the State of California, this 5th day of May, in the year of our Lord One Thousand, Eight Hundred and Sixty-four.

W. W. KELLOGG, Clerk.

**Summons.**  
STATE OF CALIFORNIA,  
County of Plumas.

In the Justice's Court, Plumas Township.  
*The People of the State of California, to D. B. GRAY, Defendant:*

**YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED TO APPEAR** before me, at my office in Quincy, in said Township and county, on the 15th day of May, A. D. 1886, at 10 o'clock, A. M. to answer to the complaint of Theodore Musick, who has this day commenced an action against you on the following plea to-wit: To recover judgment against you for the sum of two hundred and ninety-nine and 98-100 dollars, (\$299 98) for labor performed for you at your request, when judgment will be taken against you for the said amount, together with costs and damages, if you fail to appear and answer.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of the county of Plumas, greeting:

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court from the return of the Sheriff, and affidavit of the Plaintiff that the Defendant, D. B. Gray cannot be found in this county, it is therefore ordered that service of the above summons be had by publication in said county, once a week for three consecutive weeks.

A. J. GIFFORD, J. P.

Justice of the Peace of said Township.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court from the return of the Sheriff, and affidavit of the Plaintiff that the Defendant, D. B. Gray cannot be found in this county, it is therefore ordered that service of the above summons be had by publication in said county, once a week for three consecutive weeks.

A. J. GIFFORD, J. P.

**Notice to Creditors.**  
STATE OF CALIFORNIA,  
County of Plumas.

In County Court.  
Benj. Coburn vs. His Creditors.  
Petition in Insolvency.

**THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA,** to all the creditors of Benj. Coburn send greeting:

Pursuant to an order of the Hon. A. P. Moore, County Judge of Plumas County, Notice is hereby given to all the creditors of the said Insolvent, Benj. Coburn to be and appear before the said Judge, at the Court Room of said County Court, in the town of Quincy, Plumas Co., California, on the 22d day of May, A. D. 1886, at 10 o'clock, A. M., of that day, then and there to show cause if any they can why the prayer of said Insolvent should not be granted, and an assignment of his estate be made, and he be discharged from all his debts and liabilities, in pursuance of the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, and it is further ordered that in the mean time all proceedings against said Insolvent be stayed.

By order of the Hon. A. P. Moore, Judge of said Court.

Witness my hand and the Seal of said Court this 20th day of April, 1886.

W. W. KELLOGG, Clerk.

**Notice to Creditors.**  
STATE OF CALIFORNIA,  
County of Plumas.

In County Court.  
John Coburn vs. His Creditors.  
Petition in Insolvency.

**THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA,** to all the creditors of John Coburn, send greeting:

Pursuant to an order of the Hon. A. P. Moore, County Judge of Plumas County, Notice is hereby given to all the creditors of the said Insolvent, John Coburn, to be and appear before the said Judge at the Court room of said County Court, in the town of Quincy, Plumas County, California, on the 22d day of May, A. D. 1886, at 10 o'clock, A. M., of that day, then and there to show cause, if any they can, why the prayer of said Insolvent should not be granted, and an assignment of his estate be made, and he be discharged from all his debts and liabilities, in pursuance of the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, and it is further ordered that in the mean time all proceedings against said Insolvent be stayed.

By order of the Hon. A. P. Moore, Judge of said Court.

Witness my hand and the seal of said Court this 20th day of April, 1886.

W. W. KELLOGG, Clerk.

**Notice to Creditors.**  
STATE OF CALIFORNIA,  
County of Plumas.

In County Court.  
N. McNeal vs. His Creditors.  
Petition in Insolvency.

**THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA,** to all the creditors of the said Insolvent N. McNeal send greeting:

Pursuant to an order of the Hon. A. P. Moore, County Judge of Plumas County, Notice is hereby given to all the creditors of the said Insolvent, N. McNeal, to be and appear before the said Judge, at the Court Room of said County Court, in the town of Quincy, Plumas County, California, on the 24th day of May, 1886, at 10 o'clock, A. M., of that day, then and there to show cause, if any they can, why the prayer of said Insolvent should not be granted, and he be discharged from all his debts and liabilities, in pursuance of the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, and it is further ordered that in the mean time all proceedings against said Insolvent be stayed.

By order of the Hon. A. P. Moore, Judge of said Court.

Witness my hand and the Seal of said Court this 21st day of April, 1886.

W. W. KELLOGG, Clerk.

**Wanted!!**  
Two JOINTMEN BOOT & SHOEMAKERS. Wages by the month or piece. Constant employment given.

R. MORIEL, Taylorville, Indian Valley.

## Advertisements.

**Sheriff's Sale.**  
STATE OF CALIFORNIA,  
County of Plumas.

R. B. Stevens, Plaintiff, vs. D. B. Gray. Action in Justice's Court, Plumas Township.

**BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED** by the Court of A. J. Gifford, Justice of the Peace in and for Plumas Township, county of Plumas and State of California, on a judgment rendered in said court on the 24th day of April, 1886, and duly attested by said Justice on the 25th day of April, 1886, for the sum of \$318 6-100 debt and costs, and to me, the Sheriff of said county duly directed and delivered, I have levied upon the following described property to-wit: All the right title and interest of the said Defendant, D. B. Gray, in and to that certain quartz mill, consisting of four stamps and two arastras, with machinery for working the same, known as the Keystone Quartz Mill, together with dwelling house, Blacksmith Shop and Water Ditch, connected with and being a part of said mill property, and the appurtenances thereto belonging, situated in the Argenta Mining District, county of Plumas and State of California, together with all and singular, the rights and privileges, hereditaments and appurtenances thereto belonging, or in anywise appertaining to said quartz mill, also all the right title and interest of the said Defendant in and to that certain quartz ledge, situate in the vicinity of the aforesaid quartz mill and worked in connection with the same, consisting of 1200 feet in said ledge, (be the same more or less) together with all and singular the rights and privileges, hereditaments and appurtenances thereto belonging or in anywise appertaining to said quartz ledge, and situate in Argenta Mining District, County and State aforesaid, therefore.

Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, the 29th day of May, A. D. 1886, between the hours of 9 o'clock, A. M., and 5 o'clock, P. M., at the Court House door in the Town of Quincy, county and State aforesaid, I will sell the aforesaid described property at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, or so much thereof as will be sufficient to satisfy said execution and costs.

E. H. PIERCE, Sheriff.

By L. C. CHARLES, Under Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, this 6th day of May, 1886. [28]

**LOOK HERE!!**  
IF YOU WANT ANY OF THE FOLLOWING Articles. Call at the Third Door below the VERNON HOUSE, Main street, TAYLORVILLE, where you will find

FIRST-CLASS ENGLISH CARPENTRY AND AMERICAN FULL-JEWELLED

**WATCHES!!**  
GOLD & SILVER CHAINS.

GUARDS & KEYS, MASONIC PINS, NEWTON'S GOLD PENS.

LADIES' ROUND & FLAT NECK CHAINS, GOLD & SILVER BUCKLES.

GOLD, ENAMELED, CORAL, QUARTZ & PEARL EAR-RINGS.

GOLD, CORNELIAN AND VULCANITE FINGER RINGS, &c., &c., &c.

**CLOCKS, WATCHES & JEWELRY,** Repaired & Warranted.

And you will also find

**DR. H. T. LEE,** with a good supply of DENTAL STOCK, prepared to do anything in his line from extracting a single tooth to inserting a full set, either on GOLD, SILVER or VULCANITE, and he warrants his work to give satisfaction if not altered after leaving his hands.

**VERNON HOUSE,** Taylorville, INDIAN VALLEY.

J. HARDGRAVE, Proprietor.

**BEST ARRANGED HOTELS.** In the mountains. No pains will be spared to accommodate those who patronize me.

THE BAR is supplied with the best quality of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

**LIVERY STABLE,** Quincy.

JOHN MOORE, Proprietor.

**THIS OLD AND WELL KNOWN STABLE HAS BEEN** recently refitted and the Proprietor is now ready to furnish his old friends and the public with Buggies and Light Wagons with Fast Horses.

He has a number of superior SADDLE HORSES To hire by the Day or Week. Strangers visiting Quincy and wishing to examine the various Mineral Districts of Plumas county, can be accompanied with well trained Horses. Particular attention paid to Horses on LIVERY.

**EXCHANGE SALOON.** MAIN ST., QUINCY, CAL.

**THE BAR** well supplied with the best of Wines, Liquors & Cigars.

**BILLIARDS.** Two of Phelan & Co's. Modern BILLIARD TABLES with combination cushions are in use at this Saloon.

JAS. H. HOUCK, Proprietor.

**QUINCY BREWERY.**

**THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED** of Mr. Akerman his well known and long established Brewery in this place, respectfully informs the people of Plumas and the adjoining counties that they will keep on hand a constant supply of

Lager Beer Of the best quality. For sale by the Keg or Bottle KESEMAN & SCHLATER.

Quincy, Oct. 21, 1882.

**JUSTICE'S BLANKS.** FOR SALE at this Office.

**Summons, Subpoenas, Attachments, Affidavits for Attachment, Undertaking on Attachment, &c., &c.**

All orders promptly attended to. Prices 25¢ per 100 a hundred, all brought.

## Advertisements.

**LILLIE'S LOCK OPENED** In One Minute.

New York, September 2, 1884. F. TILLMAN, Esq., 318 Battery street, Bet Commercial and Clay, San Francisco.

**DEAR SIR:** WE NOTICE AN ADVERTISEMENT in your daily papers respecting the "security" of the "Lillie" lock. We are aware that you well understand this lock, and, of course, will not allow yourself to be annoyed by such representations. We have just sent for one of our men from the factory, and he in our presence, opened one of Lillie's best safe locks, after it had been locked and the combination turned on

**By One Blow of the Hammer** Against the knob on the outside, and thereby breaking the cast iron bolt inside.

The whole time occupied in opening the lock was about ONE MINUTE. We send you this lock that your friends may not be deceived by false representations, etc.

Respectfully, etc., A. E. TILTON.

WM. MCFARLAND.

**NO PRACTICAL** Lock Picker or Thimble Rigger Required to OPERATE THE SAID LILLIE LOCK.

Any parties desirous of seeing the above mentioned lock, its insecurity and easy mode of opening the same, can call at

318 Battery Street, San Francisco.

GLOUCESTER, March 25th, 1884.

Messrs. TILTON & MCFARLAND, Sole Manufacturers, Boston, Mass.

Gentlemen: From representations made by Mr. Lillie, I was induced to purchase of him one of his

**So Called "Fire Proof Safes."**

On the 18th of February last, a fire occurred in our block which destroyed a number of buildings, and our own with the rest. We trusted our books papers and all in the safe. After the fire, and on opening it we found that

**Everything had been Destroyed.**

We send you the safe, with what is left of the papers, and you will see that not one of them is legible or strong enough to sustain its own weight. Having the curiosity to know how our neighbors fared in this fire, we noticed Messrs. McKennie & Hardy just opening their safe. (TILTON & MCFARLAND'S make) and its contents were found to be

**In Perfect Condition.**

This led us to further investigation, and we found to our astonishment that from the large amount of combustible material in Messrs. McKennie & Hardy's cellar—such as lard, pork, etc., their safe was subjected to a much greater heat than that of our own, we being in the clothing business, and had but little in the cellar. There was another of Lillie's safes here subjected to the same fire, faring however, no better than ours.

Very respectfully, Your obedient servants, GEO. L. CHESBRO & CO.

(Signed:)

**TILTON & MCFARLAND'S** SAFE, THE ONLY PROTECTION

Against Fire and Burglars.

**For the last Fifteen Years**

This Safe has been well known in California and the Eastern States. They have resisted all the fires on the Pacific Coast, and we can point with satisfaction to the record that

**No Man ever lost a Dollar** out of one of our safes by means of burglars.

By inform the public that they need no further recommendation

A good assortment of Tilton & McFarland's Fire and Burglar Proof Safes to be had at

318 Battery Street, San Francisco.

B-73 13-4m.

**SUSANVILLE BREWERY!**

**SUSANVILLE HONEY LAKE VALLEY.**

**THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY** inform the public that they keep on hand and for sale the best quality of

Lager Beer, by the Keg, Bottle or Glass and at the lowest prices for cash.

G. STROUSE.

**JOHN SCHWARTZ** BOOT & SHOEMAKER.

OPPOSITE THE PLUMAS HOUSE, QUINCY CAL.

Boots and Shoes made or repaired at short notice and on reasonable terms.

## Advertisements.

**PLUMAS HOUSE, QUINCY, Plumas Co., California.**

THE Plumas House is now open for the accommodation of the public.

JAS. E. EDWARDS, Proprietor.



# The Quincy Union.

## THE PSALM OF OIL.

Tell me not in mournful measure,  
Oil is but an empty show;  
For 'tis earth's deep hidden treasure,  
And a pump will make it flow.

"Oil is greasy." "Oil doth smell bad!"—  
So say those who have it not;  
So, of old, the poor fox felt bad,  
When the grapes he had not got.

Not to stay at home and grumble  
In the way to make your pile,  
But in hearty rough and tumble  
Dig and bore till you "strike oil."

Rode as long, and well as sinking,  
And the earth, half full of holes,  
Shows the sign that constant drilling,  
Shows the wish that fill our souls.

See at Oil Creek how they rally,  
See in Mecca's mud domain,  
In the Alleghany Valley,  
All have "Oil upon the brain."

Trust no agent's specious story,  
Go yourself, get you a lease,  
Drill—drill deep in search of glory,  
Find it when you find the grease.

Hits of greenhorns oft remind us  
We, perhaps, by patient toil,  
Can, departing, leave behind us,  
Quite a striking "show of oil."

Such a show as that another  
Boring after without luck—  
Some forlorn and fainting brother—  
Seeing, may keep up his pluck.

Let us, then, be busy boring  
With the means at our control,  
Keep on drilling, keep exploring,  
With a pump in every hole!

**THE PRINTER AND THE TYPES.**—Perhaps there is no department of enterprise whose details are less understood by intelligent people than the "art preservative"—the achievement of the types.

Every day their lives long, they are accustomed to read the newspaper, to find fault with its statements, its arrangements, its looks, to plume themselves upon the discovery of some rough and acrobatic type that gets into a frolic and stands upon its head; or of some word with a waste letter or two in it; but of the process by which the newspaper is made, of the myriads of motions and thousands of pieces necessary to its composition, they know little and think less.

They imagine they discourse of a wonder indeed, when they speak of the fair white carpet woven for thought to walk on the rags that fluttered on the back of the beggar yesterday.

But there is to us something more wonderful still. When we look at the hundred and fifty-two little boxes, something shaded with the touch of ink fingers, that compose a printer's "case," noiseless, except the clicking of types, as one by one they take their place in growing line—we think we have found the marvel of the art.

Strewn in these little boxes are thin parallelograms of metal, every one good for something that goes to make up written languages; the visible footprints of thought upon carpets of rags.

We think how many fragments of fancy there are in these boxes; how many atoms of poetry and eloquence the printer can make here and there, if he only has a little chart to work by; how many facts in small handbills, how much truth in chaos.

Now he picks up the scattered elements until he holds in his hand a stanza of Gray's Elegy, monody upon a Grimes "all buttoned up before." Now he sets up a "Puppy missing," and now "Paradise Lost." He arranges a bride in "small caps," and a sonnet in "Nonpareil." He announces that the languishing "live," in one sentence—transposes the word, and deplores the days that are "evil," in the next.

A poor jest ticks its way into the printer's hand, like a little clock just running down, and a strain of eloquence marches into line. We fancy we can tell the difference by hearing of the ear; but perhaps not.

The types that told a wedding yesterday, announce a burial to-morrow—perhaps in the self-same letters.

They are the elements to make a word of. Those types are a world with something in it as beautiful as spring, and as rich as summer, and as grand as autumn; flowers that frost cannot wilt, fruit that shall ripen for all time.

A GENTLEMAN one day, in the old coach, was traveling by a coach which moved at a slow pace. "Pray," said he to the guard, "what is the name of this coach?" "The Regulator," was the reply. "And a very appropriate name too," said the traveler, for I see all other coaches go by it.

A PHILADELPHIA critic says that Mrs. John Drew follows her noble art, "as one of old, who, on the mountain crags, caught madness from a maniac's eyes!" Poor woman!

A QUEER START.—"I am astonished, my dear young lady, at your sentiments; you make me start."

"Well, I have been wanting you to start for the last hour."

A COAL OIL millionaire has named his little heiress Petrolia Ann. We suppose the next little heiress will be named Carrie Sene.

## New Advertisements.

### WHITING & CO.'S EXPRESS.

Daily to Marysville;  
There connecting with  
Wells, Fargo & Co.

Langton & Co.,  
Holland, Morley & Co.,  
To all parts of California, the Atlantic States and Europe.

Bills of Exchange  
Procured of Wells, Fargo & Co., payable in all the principal cities in the Atlantic States and Europe.

COLLECTIONS AND COMMISSIONS  
Promptly attended to.

TREASURY  
Shipped to the lower cities at reasonable rates.

WE WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR VALUABLE LETTERS UNLESS OUR RECEIPT IS GIVEN FOR THE SAME. We send

WEEKLY EXPRESS  
Indian Valley,  
Round Valley,  
Honey Lake,  
Rich Bar,  
Junction Bar  
And all other points in Plumas county.

WHITING & CO.  
Quincy, Oct. 28, 1862.

MOORE  
Post Office,  
Has for sale the following goods:

CANDIES,  
NUTS,  
RAISINS,  
FIGS,  
DRIED PEACHES, CITRUS,  
DRIED APPLES,  
DRIED CURRANTS,  
MONEY IN THE COMB,  
JELLIES, JAMS, AND OYSTERS,

A No. 1 HAVANA CIGARS,  
CABLE TOBACCO,  
COMMON TOBACCO,  
KILLICKNICK TOBACCO,  
FOREST ROSE TOBACCO,  
PIPES AND SNUFF.

Also a very large assortment of  
POCKET KNIVES,  
RAZORS,  
STRAPS AND BRUSHES,  
TOYS, PORT MONAIES,  
PENS, INK  
AND PAPER,  
ENVELOPES,  
TIME BOOKS,  
AND DIARIES

Drugs and Medicines,  
Consisting in part of  
Sarsaparilla,  
Expectorants, Balsams,  
Liniments, Ointments, Seidlitz  
Powders, Castor Oil, Eye Water,  
Pain Killer, Pills (all kinds),  
Mrs. Winslow's Syrup,  
Spalding's Glue,  
&c., &c.

Together with a general assortment of  
Toilet and Fancy Articles;  
ALSO,  
5,000 POUNDS OF WINTER APPLES.

"Unquestionably the best sustained work  
of the kind in the World."

HARPER'S  
NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

[Critical Notices of the Press.]  
It is the foremost Magazine of the day. The friends of a monthly circulation of about 100,000 copies—in whose pages are to be found some of the choicest light and general reading of the day. We speak of this work as an evidence of the American People; and the popularity it has acquired is merited. Each number contains fully 144 pages of reading matter, appropriately illustrated with woodcuts; and it combines in itself the most valuable and the most philosophical quarterly, blended with the best features of a daily journal. It is a great power in the dissemination of a love of pure literature.—(Tribune's Guide to American Literature, London.)

The volume bound constitutes of themselves a library of miscellaneous reading such as can not be found in the same compass in any other publication that has come under our notice.—(Boston Courier.)

California Subscriptions.  
1863.

Being desirous of extending the influence of their publications in this section, the Publishers of Harper's Magazine and Weekly will pay particular attention to subscription from the PACIFIC STATES, and subscribers may rely upon the prompt arrival of their papers by each mail from New York. Postmasters and others desirous of getting up Clubs will be supplied with a handsome pictorial showbill on application.

The publishers have perfected a system of mailing by which they can supply the Magazine and Weekly promptly to those who prefer to receive their periodicals directly from the office of publication. The postage on Harper's Weekly is 20 cents a year, which must be paid at the subscriber's post-office.

Back Numbers can be supplied at any time.

The Annual Volumes of Harper's Weekly, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, for \$6 each. A Complete Set, comprising Eight Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of \$4.50 per vol., freight at expense of purchaser. Address

HARPER & BROTHERS,  
FRANKLIN SQUARE, NEW YORK.

THE AMERICAN CONFLICT.  
A HISTORY OF THE  
GREAT REBELLION  
IN THE  
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,  
1860-64;  
Its Causes, Incidents, and Results.

Intended to exhibit especially its moral and political phases, with the drift and progress of American opinion respecting human slavery from 1776 to the close of the War.

BY HORACE GREELEY.  
Illustrated by portraits on steel of Generals, Statesmen, and other eminent men. Views of places of historic interest; maps, diagrams of battle-fields, naval actions, etc., from official sources.

TO BE COMPLETED IN TWO VOLUMES.  
Price per Vol.  
Embossed Cloth, plain edge.....\$5.00  
Embossed Leather, marbled edge.....\$6.00  
Plain Leather, Library style, sprinkled edge, 6.00  
Extra fine Library ed'n, half calf, marbled edge 9.00  
S. F. SEABURY, Agent  
For Bancroft & Co., for Plumas and Lassen Co's.

Terms.  
HARPER'S MAGAZINE, one year.....\$4.00  
An Extra Copy of either the Weekly or Magazine will be supplied gratis for every Club of Five Subscribers at \$4.00 each, in one remittance; or Six Copies for \$20.00.

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1863.

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Formerly of Valparaiso.

Attending & Resident Physician.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO THE treatment of Diseases of Women and Children. Communications strictly confidential, and all correspondents promptly answered. Consultations by letter or otherwise FREE.

To those who are Afflicted.  
DR. J. M. MORENO returns his sincere thanks to his numerous patients for their patronage, and would take this opportunity to remind them that he continues to consult at his Institute for the cure of all forms of Private Diseases, such as Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Nocturnal Emissions, and the consequences of self abuse. In the first stages of syphilis or gonorrheal diseases, he guarantees a cure in a few days without inconvenience to the patient, or hindrance to his business. When a patient neglects or improperly treatment, has developed the secondary symptoms of syphilis, such as painful swellings on the glands, or ulcers in the throat and nose, which if not checked, destroy the soft parts and cause the bone to mortify, separate and come away, leaving the sufferer an object of hideous to behold, or when his constitution is injured so as to predispose to consumption or other constitutional disease, the Doctor guarantees a cure or asks no compensation. In rheumatism, chronic or acute, in dysentery or diarrhea, he has safe and effectual remedies. For the treatment of the consequences of self abuse, such as nocturnal emissions, nervousness, timidity, headache, ringing in the ears, pains in the back and limbs, with general weakness, loss of appetite, loss of memory, injury to the sight, restlessness, confusion of ideas, dislike for society, and a feeling of weariness of life, the nervous system so excited that slight noises shock or startle the patient, making his existence miserable. For the above maladies, the Doctor will guarantee a cure, with such medicines as he deems proper, or ask no compensation. He can be consulted free of charge, and invites all to call, as it will cost them nothing and may be much to their advantage. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.

Spermatorrhea.  
Of local weakness, nervous debility, low spirits, lassitude, weakness of the limbs and back, indisposition and incapacity for labor and study, dullness of apprehension, loss of memory, aversion to society, loss of vitality, timidity, self-distrust, dizziness, headache, involuntary discharges, pains in the side, affections of the eyes, pimples on the face, sexual and other infirmities in man, are cured without fail by the justly celebrated physician and surgeon Dr. J. M. Moreno. His method of curing disease is new (unknown to others) hence his great success.

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Persons residing at a distance who find it inconvenient to leave their business and visit the Doctor at his office, by sending a full and minute description of their complaints, together with ten dollars, can have their medicines forwarded to any part of the Pacific coast, together with full directions for use, without charge for medicine.

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Persons who wish to guard against disease or the natural consequences of the marriage tie, can have a preventative forwarded that can be relied upon at all times, by sending two dollars enclosed in a letter directed to Dr. Moreno, Box 125, P. O. San Francisco.

Certificate for Dr. Moreno.  
This is to certify that having suffered for a long time and almost without hope of recovering my health, from Secondary Syphilis, and that after consulting many eminent Physicians, without receiving any relief, placed myself under treatment of Dr. J. M. MORENO, and that by his skillful and attentive treatment he, in a comparatively short time, not only effected a permanent cure of my disease and restored me to my usual health, but also effected all traces of my unhappy malady. Therefore, I recommend to all suffering from the same cause, to apply at once to Dr. Moreno, where they are sure to receive all the attention and help a skillful physician is able to render.

JNO. J. REED, Sausalito Ranch.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 14th day of April, A. D. 1863.

A. G. RANDALL, Notary Public.  
State of California, county of San Francisco.

OFFICE OF J. M. MORENO,  
Kearney Street, corner of Commercial.  
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THAT IS THE QUESTION.

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Medical Advice.—Without intending to particularize any from among the many distinguished physicians of this city, we cannot avoid referring to the successful treatment of cases which have come under our observation, by Dr. W. K. Doherty, No. 521 Sacramento Street, San Francisco, and the gratitude felt towards that gentleman by those who a short time ago, were tottering to the grave, and are now in the enjoyment of health and happiness, free alike from their poisonous affections, and the equally deadly effects of the drugs. That their gratitude was sincere, we have not the slightest doubt, as was also their regret for having wasted so much of their time and money on some of the old school physicians, without a particle of benefit resulting therefrom. We do not think we could better consult the public good than by advising all who are afflicted to give Dr. Doherty a call.—San Francisco News.

DR. W. K. DOHERTY'S  
Private Medical & Surgical Institute  
Sacramento street, below Montgomery, opposite the Pacific Mail Steamship Co's office.  
Private entrance on Leidesdorff street.

N. B.—Read advertisement and the sworn certificates of cures.

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Sacramento street, below Montgomery, opposite the Pacific Mail Steamship Co's office.  
Private entrance on Leidesdorff street.  
SAN FRANCISCO.

Established expressly to afford the afflicted sound and scientific Medical aid, in the treatment and cure of all Private and Chronic Diseases, such as Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Nocturnal Emissions, and the consequences of self abuse. In the first stages of syphilis or gonorrheal diseases, he guarantees a cure in a few days without inconvenience to the patient, or hindrance to his business. When a patient neglects or improperly treatment, has developed the secondary symptoms of syphilis, such as painful swellings on the glands, or ulcers in the throat and nose, which if not checked, destroy the soft parts and cause the bone to mortify, separate and come away, leaving the sufferer an object of hideous to behold, or when his constitution is injured so as to predispose to consumption or other constitutional disease, the Doctor guarantees a cure or asks no compensation. In rheumatism, chronic or acute, in dysentery or diarrhea, he has safe and effectual remedies. For the treatment of the consequences of self abuse, such as nocturnal emissions, nervousness, timidity, headache, ringing in the ears, pains in the back and limbs, with general weakness, loss of appetite, loss of memory, injury to the sight, restlessness, confusion of ideas, dislike for society, and a feeling of weariness of life, the nervous system so excited that slight noises shock or startle the patient, making his existence miserable. For the above maladies, the Doctor will guarantee a cure, with such medicines as he deems proper, or ask no compensation. He can be consulted free of charge, and invites all to call, as it will cost them nothing and may be much to their advantage. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.

TO THE AFFLICTED.—Dr. W. K. Doherty returns his sincere thanks to his numerous patients for their patronage, and would take this opportunity to remind them that he continues to consult at his Institute for the cure of all forms of Private Diseases, such as Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Nocturnal Emissions, and the consequences of self abuse. In the first stages of syphilis or gonorrheal diseases, he guarantees a cure in a few days without inconvenience to the patient, or hindrance to his business. When a patient neglects or improperly treatment, has developed the secondary symptoms of syphilis, such as painful swellings on the glands, or ulcers in the throat and nose, which if not checked, destroy the soft parts and cause the bone to mortify, separate and come away, leaving the sufferer an object of hideous to behold, or when his constitution is injured so as to predispose to consumption or other constitutional disease, the Doctor guarantees a cure or asks no compensation. In rheumatism, chronic or acute, in dysentery or diarrhea, he has safe and effectual remedies. For the treatment of the consequences of self abuse, such as nocturnal emissions, nervousness, timidity, headache, ringing in the ears, pains in the back and limbs, with general weakness, loss of appetite, loss of memory, injury to the sight, restlessness, confusion of ideas, dislike for society, and a feeling of weariness of life, the nervous system so excited that slight noises shock or startle the patient, making his existence miserable. For the above maladies, the Doctor will guarantee a cure, with such medicines as he deems proper, or ask no compensation. He can be consulted free of charge, and invites all to call, as it will cost them nothing and may be much to their advantage. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.

READ THE FOLLOWING:—A case of Gleet and Stricture.—Dr. Doherty.—Dear Sir: I feel my health so fully restored, that in common gratitude, I believe I should make some written acknowledgment for your valuable services—particularly so as your fee was small for the work performed. I arrived in this city from the East about one year ago, and was then suffering from an old case of Gleet, complicated with stricture. Being a stranger in this city, and believing those doctors who gave such positive assurances of cures were necessarily the best (some of whom have a large number of titles), I placed myself in their charge and continued under their treatment until I had lost nearly all hope and a considerable sum of money. I wish to say now that you are the sixth Doctor I have employed, and the only one that has ever done me any service. My Gleet is wholly cured, the stricture is all removed, and my general health is better than it has been for years. In conclusion I would say to the many unfortunate who require medical advice, if you have any doubt as to whom you may employ, ask Dr. Doherty for my address, and call and see me. (I keep store in this city.) My experience may save you many dollars. I would also add that in the early stage of my disease, I used a large amount of the preparations advertised as cures for Gleet and Stricture, but never derived any benefit from them. I am, Doctor, very truly yours.

L. H. H.  
San Francisco, June 16th,